

MS SQL SERVER

Duration – 2 Months

Introduction to DBMS

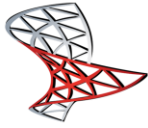
- File Management System And Its Drawbacks
- Database Management System (DBMS) and Data Models
- Physical Data Models
- Logical Data Models
- Hierarchical Data Model (HDBMS)
- Network Data Model (NDBMS)
- Relational Data Model (RDBMS)
- Object Data Model (ODBMS)
- Object Relational Data Model (ORDBMS)
- Conceptual Data Models
- Entity – Relationship (E-R) Model

Introduction to SQL Server

- Advantages and Drawbacks Of SQL Server
- Connecting To Server
- Server Type
- Server Name
- Authentication Modes
- Sql Server Authentication Mode
- Windows Authentication Mode
- Login and Password
- Sql Server Management Studio and Tools In Management Studio
- Object Explorer
- Object Explorer Details
- Query Editor

TSQL (Transact-Structured Query Language)

- Introduction to TSQL
- History and Features of TSQL
- Types Of TSQL Commands
- Data Definition Language (DDL)
- Data Manipulation Language (DML)
- Data Query Language (DQL)
- Data Control Language (DCL)
- Transaction Control Language (TCL)



Database

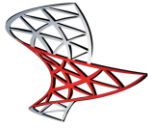
- Creating Database
- Altering Database
- Deleting Database
- Constrains
- Procedural Integrity Constraints
- Declarative Integrity Constraints
- Not Null, Unique, Default and Check constraints
- Primary Key and Referential Integrity or foreign key constraints
- Data Types In TSQL
- Table
- Creating Table
- Altering Table
- Deleting Table

Data Manipulation Language

- Insert
- Identity
- Creating a Table from another Table
- Inserting Rows from One Table to Another
- Update
- Computed Columns
- Delete
- Truncate
- Differences Between Delete and Truncate

Data Query Language (DQL)

- Select
- Where clause
- Order By Clause
- Distinct Keyword
- Isnull() function
- Column aliases
- Predicates
- Between ... And
- In
- Like
- Is Null



Top n Clause

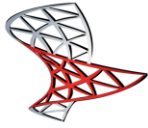
- Set Operators
- Union
- Intersect
- Except
- Joins
- Inner Join
- Equi Join
- Natural Join
- Non-Equi Join
- Self Join
- Outer Join
- Left Outer Join
- Right Outer Join
- Full Outer Join
- Cross Join

Sub Queries

- Single Row Sub Queries
- Multi Row Sub Queries
- Any or Some
- ALL
- Nested Sub Queries
- Co-Related Sub Queries
- Exists and Not Exists
- Indexes
- Clustered Index
- Non Clustered Index
- Create, Alter and Drop Indexes
- Using Indexes

Stored Sub Programs

- Advantages Of Stored Sub Programs compared to Independent SQL Statements
- Stored Procedures
- Creating , Altering and Dropping
- Optional Parameters
- Input and Output Parameters
- Permissions on Stored Procedures
- User Defined Functions
- Creating, Altering and Dropping
- Types Of User Defined Functions



- Scalar Functions
- Table Valued Functions
- Inline Table Valued Functions
- Multi Statement Table Valued Functions
- Permissions On User Defined Functions
- Triggers
- Purpose of Triggers
- Differences Between Stored Procedures and User Defined Functions and Triggers
- Creating, Altering and Dropping Triggers
- Magic Tables
- Instead Of Triggers
- Exception Handling
- Implementing Exception Handling
- Adding and removing User Defined Error Messages To And From SQL Server Error Messages List